

## WAR NEWS.

## BRITISH ACTIVITY AROUND RENSBURG.

The Boers driven back after stubborn fighting. British losses only light. Buller endeavoring to cut off Joubert's Army. Canadian Artillery leaves Cape Town for the Front.

Winnipeg, March 5, 1900.  
Dordrecht March, 4: Gen. Brabant's cavalry after a night march attacked the Boers at Le Bashagous Nek early this morning, on the road from Dordrecht to Jamestown. Fighting continued a great part of the day and resulted in a defeat for the Boers. The attack made by the British forces was most vigorous. The Boers retired step by step before a fierce shell fire. The British now occupy entrenched positions, the Boers being on the opposite hill. A desperate effort to retake the intrenchment resulted in the defeat of the Boers, although they brought two big guns into action. The British losses are six killed and eight wounded.

Colesburg, Mar. 4: A reconnaissance with two troops of Australians with guns found the wagon bridge over the Orange river intact. Fifty Boers on the other side were taken by surprise and the British galloped over the bridge some miles on the Free State side. General Price's command has moved seven miles north of Colesburg. The Boers during their occupation denied themselves rather than see the British wounded suffer.

London, March 5: The Standard says: "We believe negotiations for England's acquisition of a part on Portuguese East Africa, giving easy access to Rhodesia are on foot and likely to succeed in view of the turn the war has taken."

Cape Town, March 4: The Royal Canadian artillery has just left for the front. Loyalists gave them an ovation.

London, March 5: Beyond signs of retreat of the Boers throughout Cape Colony there is little news from the front. Lord Roberts in his despatches to the war office thus far published says little, but he is undoubtedly active in some direction. Press despatches say his advance has already put him in touch with the enemy.

General Buller evidently hopes to cut off the Boers who are retreating from Natal by a rush through Zululand. The despatches say that a party started hoping to get in rear of Biggenburg, where the Boers may make a stand south of Dundee.

The "Onsland," the organ of the Afrikanerbond, says: "The Boers will now confine themselves to a defensive abandoning an offensive policy."

The war office has received the following despatch from Lord Roberts, dated Oosfontein, Sunday:

"General Cronje on behalf of his party, and Commandant Wolmarans on behalf of 4,000 other prisoners, who have all now left Modder river, asked the British officers to thank me for the consideration and kindness with which they had been treated."

"General Clements reports that his advanced troops hold Achttertang and that the railway communication would be opened to Joubert's Siding, to-day. The enemy is still in force at Norval's Post bridge."

General Gatacre telegraphs that the number of Boers at Stormberg is diminishing.

"Colonel Baden-Powell reports all well at Mafeking, Feb. 15th, and that enemy's activity is being met everywhere by equal activity on the part of the defenders."

"The position is unchanged at Oosfontein, except that frequent heavy showers are a material improvement in grazing, to the benefit of the forces and transport animals."

Sydney, N. S. W., Mar. 4th: Premier Lyne has communicated Chamberlain's request for additional troops from other Australian colonies. He received replies from all the prime ministers in which they offer hearty co-operation with the Imperial government. Mr. Lyne's proposal is that the colonies shall defray all the expenses of arming, equipping and transporting extra troops.

London, Mar. 4th: Lloyd's Weekly states that White is to be promoted to general. Lord Dunsford will obtain the junior step on the grade to major-general. Service regulations prevent immediate promotion for Gen. Buller, but his work will be recognized at no distant date.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

The Winter cabinet of Newfoundland will resign within 48 hours.

H. V. Menon, a Boer sympathizer, was kidnapped at Fort Erie.

Edinburgh university will confer a degree on Ambassador Choate.

A serious revolt among 500 convicts caused trouble near Cairo, Egypt.

Two men were carried down on an ice-floe in the Niagara river and drowned.

The Kentucky senate has appropriated \$10,000 to hunt down Goebel's murderer.

Inspector Frank Harper, of the N. W. M. P., gets a commission in Strathcona's Horse.

Dawson City citizens desire representation on the Yukon council and in the Dominion house.

Beautiful Plains nominations were made Saturday. The candidates being Crawford and Davidson.

Several boats, including the Ocean liners Lucania, Lanmadie and Pennsylvania went aground in New York harbor.

Northwest government report of thresher, grain returns has been issued. The average of wheat was 19.04 per acre.

## LOCAL.

A slight fall of snow occurred yesterday.

Dr. Goodwin went south on Saturday.

E. Raymer returned on Friday from an extended visit east.

A meeting of the board of trade will be held to-morrow at 11 a. m.

J. H. Picard went east on Friday, his sister being seriously ill in Montreal.

Geo. Gilmer and bride, formerly Miss John, arrived from Hamilton on Friday.

The New York Times says: "Nearly 14,000 settlers, with \$2,000,000 worth of goods from this country last year."

The Qu'Appelle Pelt Factory company has assigned. Mr. Dolga, the lab manager, will remove to Berlin, Ont.

The annual ball of the Fort Saskatchewan agricultural society will be held at the Fort on Wednesday, the 31st of March.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Moller, of the Grand Central, died on Friday last. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon.

A restaurant is being opened by Messrs. Elmer and Johnston in the building formerly occupied by Potter & MacDougall, next to Lauder's store.

Oscar Von Hammerstein, the Hollander who keeps the stopping house on the Landing trail, had his feet and hands severely frozen about a week ago.

The following delegates from Iowa returned last train after looking over the Edmonton district: Messrs. E. E. Brooker, P. R. Jenkins, and N. L. Gooch. All will return to settle in April.

Mrs. John McEwan came in last week from Letue and is visiting Mrs. Malcolm Groat. She brought in her son, Charles Verey, to the Edmonton hospital for medical treatment.

S. A. Kelly, formerly of the N. W. M. P. here and more recently of the Brackman & Ker Co., Strathcona and Wetaskiwin, is a member of the Nelson contingent of Strathcona's Horse.

A "One Eye" meeting will be held at the Salvation Army on Thursday evening, March 8th, including a cake and coffee social. Everybody invited. Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Langworthy are in town.

A number of cakes contributed towards the refreshments at the ladies curling match Thursday, and not used, were auctioned off afterwards at the fire hall to the crowd assembled to celebrate the relief of Ladysmith.

J. W. Taylor, brother of Alex. Taylor, Edmonton, came up Friday on a brief visit to his mother here. He returned south Tuesday. Mr. Taylor is chief train despatcher at Cranbrook, and has been attending the meeting of C. P. R. officials at Calgary.

A letter from one of the troopers of Strathcona's Horse, written from Ottawa on the 26th February, states that the men had not yet received the amount which had been subscribed for them before their departure as a comfort fund. The amount was sent the troop by J. H. McDonald, treasurer of the fund, by draft on the 14th ult.

Calgary Albertan: "We hear that the First Brigade Ministers intend taking the show up to Edmonton. If they do we hope and think they will meet with the same appreciation and success that attended their efforts in Calgary." Edmonton has not had an entertainment for some time and the Calgary troupe would no doubt do well.

A series of races between S. A. Durdle and K. Blatchford came off at the rink on Friday evening. In the mile race, two heats, Durdle fell during both heats, Blatchford winning Time 3:20 and 3:25 respectively. In the five mile race, both men fell, Blatchford twice. Both men tired out at fifty rounds and as Durdle came over the line first the race was given to him. The attendance was very small.

A representative of the Albertan, Calgary, has been travelling over the Edmonton district. He says: "For grain raising the Sturgeon district is unsurpassed by any in the world. One man raised 4,800 bushels of oats from 40 acres. Threshing machines don't have to run all over the country to secure a season's run. One machine threshed over 70,000 bushels of grain within a strip of country six miles long and two miles wide. Although many machines have gone in lately the demand is not supplied."

Applications are being called for among the Mounted Police for volunteers for Yukon service.

## FROM THE NORTH.

Three travellers arrived by dog train from the north last night. They are: E. E. Stoner, J. M. Swigger, and A. Duffany. Last summer they came out from Dawson to Edmonton and went north to investigate the reported strike of rich minerals at Great Slave lake. They spent the greater part of the early fall prospecting around the lake, and started out by dog train for civilization on the 16th of January, reaching here last night after a journey of 750 miles. The party have located several claims at the lake and are satisfied that they will turn out satisfactory and will probably return next summer if the assays of the samples which they brought out with them, turn out up to expectations.

The Tyrrell party was met at Lac la Biche.

J. S. Cammell, of the H. B. Co., was met within a few miles of Resolution on his way home to Fort Simpson.

Messrs. Livermore and Baker, two Klondikers who have been at the lake for some time, were to leave on the 1st of March for Dawson, by dog team, going by way of the Porcupine.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## Boilers and Engines for Sale.

Two Boilers and Engines—one 30h.p. Boiler and 20h.p. Engine; the other 18h.p. Boiler and 12h.p. Engine.  
For further particulars address Box 175, Edmonton.

## Edmonton Board of Trade.

The regular monthly meeting will be held in the Board Rooms at 11 a. m. on Tuesday, the 6th inst. Important general business.  
ISAAC COWIE, Secretary.

March 5th, 1900

WANTED!  
FARMS TO RENT

For the coming season by a number of my correspondents in the United States.

Send description and rent required to  
ISAAC COWIE, Edmonton.



## A New Broom

SWEEPS CLEAN.

Our new management is making a clean sweep of all old or slow-moving goods in stock.

We must have room for our large stock of new goods to arrive this month, and we will have no room for anything but fresh, up-to-date goods; all old goods must go.

As a beginning we have thrown out a pile of Shirt Waists, the prices of which we have reduced as below.

These are last year's goods, winter weights, but there is still three months of cool weather in which to wear them.

They are heavy printed cotton goods, neat patterns in dark shades, just the thing for morning wear.

There are

1 1/2 doz. Tucked Fronts, with yoke; were \$1.50, now 90c.  
1 5/12 doz. Tucked Front, pleated back; were \$1.50, now \$1.00.

11/12 doz. Plain; were \$1.25, now 75c.

2 1/2 doz. Plain, neat dark plaids; were \$1.40, now 85c.

1 1/2 doz. Plain; were \$1.50, now 95c.

All have white collars and self cuffs.

We have about 100 pieces of Dress Materials and about 60 pieces Silk Goods laid aside for similar reductions.

HUDSON'S BAY STORES.

Bought before  
the Advance.

CALL AND SEE OUR

...Spring Stock...

OF

Boots and Shoes

Clothing, etc. etc.

H. Sigler.

March 1st, 1900.

## FOR SALE.

Seven roomed brick veneered house, centrally located, at a bargain.

T. A. STEPHEN,

Real Estate Agent,

EDMONTON.

Coal for Cash

Telephone

WM HUMBERSTONE.

J. T. BLOWEY

..Furniture..

Edmonton and Strathcona.

1000 Chairs just arrived which we will sell at 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c up to \$25.



You cannot do without a Clothes Horse in the cold weather.

3 leaves, 4ft high, \$1.25  
3 leaves, 5ft high, \$1.75

J. T. BLOWEY.

Chest Protectors

VERSES

Cough Remedies.

If it is a question of chest protector, or cough and cold remedies, choose the former every time. The latter may be effective—but there's the inconvenience. The Chest Protector prevents coughs and colds. It's a sort of insurance policy, and the rate isn't high—not with the handsome chambray and felt-lined protectors which we are selling. We are willing to ruin our cough medicine trade by selling everybody a chest protector.

G. H. GRAYDON,

Post Office Drug Store, Edmonton

## School Suits for Boys.

For years we have devoted our special attention to the Clothing needs of the Boys and Little Men. This department has so developed until we now show the largest and most complete range of Boys' Clothing in Edmonton.

Our School Suits are particularly adapted for the rough usage of the play ground, with short and long pants, single and double breasted, for boys of all ages, from \$2.50 up to \$6.00.

Then our Little Men's Suits are very cute, they fit so well and look so nice on the little fellows, pleasing the mothers and charming the boys. Price \$1.25 to \$5.00 each.

Come and bring the boys—we will do the rest.

W. T. Henry & Co.

IT PAYS TO BUY AT

ROSS BROS.

New Goods Largest Stock  
Lowest Prices.

JUST ARRIVED...

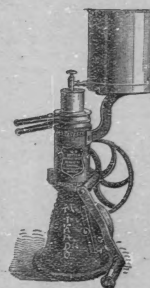
"Alexander" and "Melotte"  
Cream Separators.

Call and see the machines working.

FARMERS AND DAIRYMEN.

It has paid others, it will pay you.

Improved methods will bring improved prices.  
TRY IT.



Myers' Pumps.

Most Water

Least Work

Least Money

There are others, but the Best are Myers'.

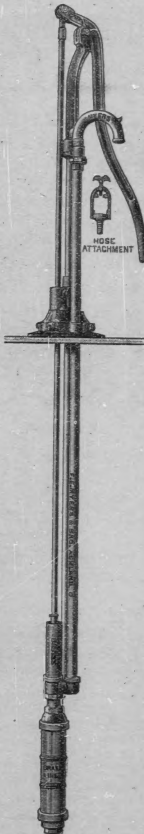
Barb Wire. Blue Stone.

Buy now and avoid the rush when the price is higher.

Cook Stoves & Ranges

Weigh Scales.

We have a few of those 1200 lb Scales left. Price \$20.00.





Vol. XXII.

## EDMONTON BULLETIN

(Semi-Weekly)  
Printed Monday and Friday evenings.Subscription \$1.00 per Year  
STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.Transient advertisements: Five lines and under,  
three insertions and under, \$1.00, or ten cents a line  
first insertion and five cents a line each week or part  
of week after.

Standing advertisements: \$1.00 an inch per month.

BULLETIN Co. (Lth.)

## Special Advertisements.

Situations vacant, Situations wanted, Found, Lost,  
Notices of Meetings, in solid form, 25 words or under  
per insertion, and a cent a word for each  
word over 25.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, MARCH 5th, 1900.

## AS TO AN INDIAN RISING.

The harm which may be done by a person with impaired mental faculties and a propensity for lying is frequently far reaching. The observation is made with reference to the individual who concocted the story that the Indians of the Northwest intended to rise in rebellion, the occasion being precipitated owing to the withdrawal of so many of the Mounted police. We, in the west, may know how silly and untrue it is, but strangers at a distance accept it as any other news would be accepted. The Bulletin some time ago had occasion to mention this matter, and another case in point is furnished by a letter received on Friday from a prominent and well-to-do settler of Hardwick, Minnesota. He states his own intention of coming to the country in the spring, and concludes by saying: "Some six or eight families have been scared from coming out there this spring on account of the report about the Indians."

Instead of threatening insurrection the Indians of Canada are offering their services to the government, to fight for the empire in South Africa. Instead of being oppressed they are cared for, fed and clothed by the government. On their reserves they have homes, rent free, and no taxes; there they may reside as long as they desire, free from interference by whitemen, undisturbed by the advance of civilization, and looked after by an agent appointed by the government. If an Indian breaks the law, which he seldom does, and then probably only through ignorance, and all the government does is to prosecute him but the government appoints at its own expense an able lawyer to defend him. Needless to say it does not do this for a white man, and the reason is that the Indian is looked upon as the ward of the government and is protected accordingly. Years ago, before the Indian problem has been settled as it is now, insurrection was incited by renegade half-breeds and whitemen. The rebellion was quickly and effectively quashed, and all the government did was to punish the rebels. The result is that the Indians of today have nothing to complain of. Their title to the land, as well as that of their descendants, has been liquidated by scrip payments, and in a few months now an issue of scrip will be made to all the half-breeds of the west, settling for all time the claim of the original owners to the country which the whiteman has appropriated.

## PREMIER MARTIN.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 28.—Mr. Joseph Martin has been called upon and accepted the task of forming a new administration. He has already secured a portion of his cabinet material, and expects to be in a position to announce the names of at least three of his ministers at the opening of the house to-day. The proceedings of the last day of the session, will be brief to a degree. The house opening only to be prologued and dissolution will be announced just as soon as necessary. It is expected that the session will be a short one. Mr. Martin is to go to the country with the least possible delay.

## YELLOWHEAD PASS RAILROAD.

Montreal special to the Toronto World, Feb. 25th: Link by link of the Canadian Northern Railway is being formed, and it now looks as if Mackenzie and Mann would reach Port Simpson a good deal sooner than was anticipated. A great deal has been heard of the Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific Railway, a line to run from South Edmonton across the river and thence in a northwesterly direction to the Yellowhead Pass. The completion of a fine railway and carriage bridge over the Saskatchewan has permitted the company above mentioned, and said to be controlled by Mackenzie and Mann, to make a permanent start, and it is officially announced to-day that a deal with Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa capitalists has been concluded, thus insuring the construction of a good part of this road during the coming season. There is a splendid section of country around Edmonton and the distance from the crossing to the Yellowhead Pass is said to be about 300 miles.

The World was assured to-day that, notwithstanding assertions to the contrary, the mission just undertaken to England by both Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Mann is not at all foreign to the launching, in the near future, of their great transcontinental enterprise.

The campaign in Cape Colony proceeds slowly. General Buller made a reconnaissance in force towards Stormberg Friday. There was an artillery duel that lasted six hours with the Boers, who occupied a position on Rooibos hill. The British retired after beating the enemy's position with their guns. During the artillery fire 60 of Montmorency's Scouts, leaving their horses at the foot of the ridge, crept to the summit, where they came into point-blank range with a large party of Boers who had been crawling up from the other side. A simultaneous rush was delivered by both sides.

## CAPITULATION OF CRONJE.

London, Feb. 27: The war office has received the following despatch from Lord Roberts:

"Paardeburg, Feb. 27, 4.30 a. m.—Gen. Cronje and all his force capitulated unconditionally at daylight, and are now prisoners in my camp. The strength of his force will be communicated to you later. I hope that Her Majesty's government will consider this event satisfactory, occurring as it does on the anniversary of Majuba."

Paardeburg, Feb. 27.—Gen. Cronje sent an officer through the British lines at dawn this morning with a flag of truce. The officer said to Lord Kitchener that General Cronje was willing to surrender, and that he wished to avoid useless shedding of blood and to save the women and children. He requested that they be given safe conduct. General Kitchener granted the request, so far as women and children were concerned, but insisted that the surrender, in all respects, be absolutely unconditional. To this Cronje agreed.

London, Feb. 27.—Lord Roberts' bulletin says: The gallant dash of the Canadians for Cronje to surrender. Roberts took 1,600 prisoners, including 1,150 Free State Boers.

New York, Feb. 27.—A London special says: When the British reached Cronje's camp they found things in a dreadful state. Hundreds of wounded and dying lay groaning in their pain, the medical staff being far too small to attend to the numerous cases; others boys their terrible sufferings in patience. The camp was practically without food, save beef, and as the British shells killed the cattle they were eagerly devoured by the unhappy people. The women and children who had anticipated rough, and probably inhuman treatment, were terrified at the approach of the British, and it was only with difficulty that they could be induced to accept assistance and relief. Many of the guns of the Boers were broken and their wagons burned. The British will have their hands full for some time to meet the increased demands on their provisions and medical staff.

Paardeburg, Tuesday, Feb. 27.—3 a. m.—The British camp was awakened by the continued rattle of rifle fire at daybreak, and the news arrived that the Canadians, while building a trench quite close to the enemy, had been fired upon by a range of fifty yards. The Canadians gallantly worked forward and occupied the edge of the trenches along the river, entirely enfilading the Boers. This movement was followed by a cessation of the fire except for an occasional shot. Suddenly a regiment stationed on the crest of a hill, perceived a white flag and burst into cheers, thus first announcing the surrender of Gen. Cronje.

Shortly afterwards a note reached Lord Roberts bringing tidings of the Boers unconditional surrender. Gen. Freyberg was sent to accept the surrender.

At about 7 o'clock a small group of men appeared in the distance crossing the plain towards headquarters.

Being apprised of Gen. Cronje's approach, Lord Roberts walked to the front of the modest tent in which he slept, and ordered a guard of the Scots to line up. A group of horsemen then approached. On Gen. Cronje's right rode an elderly man clad in a rough, short overcoat, a wide brimmed hat, ordinary tweed trousers and brown shoes. It was the redoubtable Cronje. His face was burned almost black and his curly beard was tinged with grey.

Lord Roberts walked to and fro in front of the tent until the Boer general arrived, when the British commander advanced gravely and kindly saluted the Boer commander. He then motioned General Cronje to a seat in a chair, which had been brought for his accommodation, and the two officers conversed through an interpreter. General Cronje afterwards breakfasted with the British officers.

Gen. Cronje's surrender was chiefly due to the gallant night attack upon his trenches by the Canadians under the Gordons. There are now 600 prisoners at Modder river, most of whom surrendered on Friday and Saturday. They are kept under guard between wire fences. With the additional 600 Boers reported to be prisoners at Kimberley it seems that the number of men captured by Lord Roberts nearly reaches 5,000.

London, February 27th: The afternoon newspapers continue to commend on the hero of Kandahar's great achievement, laying special stress on the gallantry of the Canadians, who, according to a Paardeburg special, were actually fighting hand to hand in the Boer trenches when Gen. Cronje surrendered.

The dash by the colonies' soldiers on Cronje's trenches did not bring on desperate fighting, but a flag of truce. Cronje's forces amounting to 4,000 men, laid down their arms. They were not subjected to any humiliation. They had fought with the bravery and the endurance which entitled them to respect. Subsequent despatches of Roberts gave the names of 46 officers captured, and reported that six guns had been taken. The officers included Piet Cronje, the wildest general on the Boer side, whose wife was with him in the Boer laager; Wolverson, Marneus and Roos were also among the Boer commandants, all influential men in the Transvaal. There were six Free State commandants, Worsman, Koch and Villiers being the most important generals. Among the prisoners was Major Albrecht, the clever Austrian artillery officer, who

had fortified Modder river and Magersfontein with European science, and had been of great service to the Boers in all their defensive operations. Three lieutenants of the Free State artillery service were also among the prisoners. The guns reported as taken were four Krupps and two Maxims.

## UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE!

Having received instructions from P. G. Ryan, who has rented his farm, I will offer for sale, as a premises,

Sec. 34, Tp. 52, Rg. 22, Agricola.

at one o'clock, p. m., sharp, on

Friday, March 9th, 1900

the following live stock and implements:

Ten head of Horses, 4 Grade Cows in calf, 3 Spring Calves, 1 Bull Wagon, 1 Top Buggy, 1 Pair Bobcarts, 3 Sows Team Horses, 1 Set Light Double Harness, 1 Set Single Harness, 1 Cuckoo Plow, 1 Set 4-section Iron Harrow, 1 Massé-Harris Binder, 1 Set Platform Scales—1200 pounds, 1 Stock Saddle, 1 Buggy Pole, complete, 40 Grain Sacks, 3 Bred Sows—simple bred brood, 13 Pigs, 6 months old, 3 Jumpers, and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS—All cash \$10.00 and under, Cash. Over that amount nine months' credit by furnishing approved joint and lien notes, bearing seven per cent. interest. A cash discount of five per cent. will be allowed on all purchases over \$10.00 which are paid for in cash.

W. S. ROBERTSON, Auctioneer.

Lunch will be served on the grounds.

## W. H. Cushing &amp; Co.

EDMONTON.

## PLANING MILLS

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Windows, Doors, Mouldings

Rackets, Turnings, Frames of all kinds, Store and Office

Furnishings.

Rough and Dressed Lumber

British Columbia Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

Kannanaskis Lime.

Special quotations to Contractors and Dealers.

Mills and Office North of Curling Rink, Nemayo Avenue.

## \$1000 Reward.

The above reward will be given to anyone who will restore Miss Maud Lillian Waldbrooke to her friends, or

\$500.00 Reward

Will be given to any person or persons who will give satisfactory proof of her death.

Miss Maud Lillian Waldbrooke left the Red Deer Indian Industrial School on Sunday evening, Aug. 27th, 1899, she was about five feet four inches high, weighed about 125 pounds, dark complexion, age about 25 years but looked much older, had only been at the Industrial School ten days, and was not known in the neighborhood. When last seen had on a black dress; is supposed to have left the school wearing a white straw hat and a pair of bicycle boots.

Information to be sent to the undersigned.

C. E. SOMERSET,

Principal Industrial School, Red Deer, Alberta.

March 1st, 1900.

## War In China..

Is now on, day and evening, at

Macdonald's Pharmacy.

## Great Slaughter of Chinese

And Japanese fine ware, Cups, Saucers, Plates and Tea Sets, Salad

dishes, etc., etc.

Souvenir Chinaware, Cups, Plates, Saucers, Creams, etc., with view

of Old Fort Edmonton in 1860.

## MACDONALD'S PHARMACY.

## Seeds

—AT—

EDMONTON

## Seed Store

Fresh Bulk Garden, Field and Flower Seeds.

Brome Grass, Timothy and Clover.

OUR Seed Stock will arrive next week, all fresh and adapted to this climate, carefully selected by the oldest gardener in the Edmonton district, and purchased from the most reliable seed firms in Canada.

OUR facilities for handling Seeds will compare itself to all who give us a trial order.

OUR Seeds are true to name and none but the best handled.

Farm produce taken in exchange.

Potter &amp; MacDougall,

Opposite McCauley's Liquor.

Clearing out Dry-Goods at Cost.

## Seeds.

## Brandon Seed House

FIELD Varieties of all kinds including both GRAIN and GRASS.

GARDEN Varieties of all kinds, including VEGETABLE and FLOWER SEEDS.

Send for our Catalogue which will be mailed to you as soon as issued.

A. E. MCKENZIE &amp; Co.,

BRANDON, MANITOBA.

## The "Sylvester"

..COMES AT LAST.

Just arrived a carload of

Sylvester Shoe Drills and Machinery.

The Sylvester leads them all in Manitoba and will in Edmonton. Call and see them.

JAS. WALSH, V. S. Agent.

Back of Massey-Harris, Edmonton.

## MUSIC

Mr. Vernon Barford (Organist of All Saints' Edmonton) is prepared to give lessons on Piano or Organ to pupils of both junior and senior grades. Lessons given at pupils' residences. Engagements for Concerts and Dances accepted.

For terms, address at Edmonton P. O. 2231

## TO LET.

First-class front offices in the Humboldt Block, in suite or separate. Enquire at

P. HERMINKO'S

Real Estate Offices.

## Help Wanted.

Man and wife, without incumbence, to assist on farm. Both must be familiar with farm work, and woman able to milk. Ontario people preferred. Enquire at

BULLETIN office.

## Bulls for Sale.

Two Registered Thoroughbred Short-horn Bulls, one eleven and the other six months old. May be seen at Spruce Grove P. O., where any information concerning same may be had. Apply to

JNO. A. McPHERSON,

Spruce Grove, Alta.

## Seed Oats for Sale.

A few hundred bushels of No. 1 Swedish Oats, grown from hand-picked seed and sown on breaking. Price 35c. per bushel. Also pure Scotch Fife Wheat at 60c. per bushel.

JOHN FIELDERS, Poplar Lake.

## A Beautiful Iron Bed

Only \$5.50

The coming Bed for Alberta. It will pay you to buy Iron Beds because they are stronger, cleaner and nicer than any other bed made. The cost is very little more than a wooden one and you get ten times the wear. We have just unloaded a carload of Iron and Brass Beds, Springs and Mattresses.

Give us a call. We have the latest designs and best beds. Over twenty kinds to choose from.

McIntosh &amp; Whitelaw.

UPHOLSTERING, PICTURE FRAMING, AND UNDERTAKING.

## Gallagher-Hull

## Meat &amp; Packing

COMPANY (Limited).

Dealers in all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

HOGS,

CATTLE

AND SHEEP.

Chickens, Turkeys, and all Game in season.

Special attention given to local trade.

Hides Bought and Sold.

## Our New Goods

FOR

Spring and Winter Wear

HAVE JUST ARRIVED.

There is no need to send away from home for a

Neat or Stylish Suit. We can compete in Price, Style and Workmanship with any eastern firm.

Try us. Don't send your orders away. Remember home industry and be convinced. Our new lines of Scotch Tweeds, Serges, Cheviots, Clay

Worsted and full line of Pantings are worthy of inspection.

PROCTOR &amp; SAIGON,

IMPERIAL BANK BLOCK.

## Notice re School Taxes.

Unless all arrears of Taxes in Bellrose School District No. 6 are paid within thirty days from February 15th, 1900, action to recover the same as provided by law will be taken.

JOHN HAROLD, Jr.,

Sec'y-Treas, Edmonton.

## \$15.00 REWARD.

Three horses lost about July 1st from J. C. C. Bremner's pasture, Clover Bar.

Brown colts 7 years old, weight about 1,000 lbs.

Bay horse five years old, white face and white feet, weight about 1,000 lbs.

Light bay colts four years old, star in forehead weight about 1,200 lbs.

All three branded with "O" on left cheek.

Above reward will be paid to any person returning the same to

J. C. C. BRENNER, Clover Bar.

## NOTICE.

It having been made to appear to me that Certificate Title No. 59, issued to W. K. Horden, and covering the M. E. 1 of Sec. 23, Tp. 56, Rg. 10, west 4th, has been lost, I hereby give notice that I will on the 30th day of March cause to be issued to the said W. K. Horden a duplicate Certificate of Title for the land mentioned.

GEO. ROY, Registrar.

Edmonton, Feb. 22d, 1900.

## WANTED TO RENT.

For one or two years, 100 acres of improved land anywhere along the line of railway between Calgary and Edmonton, where the ten miles of Edmonton. Enquire of EDMONTON BULLETIN.

## TEACHER WANTED

For Wilkes Public School District No. 515, First or second class certificate. Duties to commence on or about the 1st of March. Apply, stating salary, to

J. E. ATWIN, Sec'y, Hobbins, Alta.

## GENERAL PURPOSE

## MARES

A car-load—all mated—to arrive this week also 50 others now in our stables.

FOR SALE AT

Larose &amp; Starret's Stables

..STRATHCONA..

## ROBERT HOCKLEY,

Barber and Tobacconist

Is showing the best assorted line of B.B.B. (own make) PIPES ever presented here.

Just arrived the PERQUIS TOBACCO at

HOCKLEY'S, opposite the Bulletin Block.

## Key Stones.....

## Tombstones.....

## Window Sills...

## Cement Cisterns..

## Granolithic Walks

And all kinds of Cement Work made on the shortest notice at

EDMONTON GRANOLITHIC WORKS.

Opposite Garvey &amp; Chien's, Edmonton.

## ..EDMONTON..

## Cartage Company

EDMONTON, . ALBERTA.

## ..TRANSIENT TEAMING...

Any goods consigned to our care will receive prompt attention.

M. McCAULEY, Proprietor.

P. O. Box 194. Telephone 39.

## Stirring War Times.

You all want the latest and fullest war news. You will find it in the Winnipeg Tribune. Special arrangements have been completed by The Tribune to secure the fullest and most reliable news from the seat of war in South Africa.

If you get your mail even two or three times a week, The Daily Tribune will be found of great interest.

Don't forget that it is mailed to any address for 35c per month, or \$1 for 3 months.

## The Weekly Tribune

the great family newspaper and farmers' friend—16 pages, 112 columns of reading matter each issue—is mailed from now to January 1, 1901, for

Only One Dollar.

It contains the complete war news of the week.

The local general elections of Manitoba are at hand. The Dominion elections may not be very far away. Don't be misled with garbled political reports. Subscribe for the Tribune, which publishes the actual facts and allows the people to judge for themselves. Address all orders to

THE TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.,

Winnipeg.

## EDMONTON

## ..MACHINE SHOP.

I have taken over the business formerly conducted by Stapley &amp; Brewster, and am prepared to do all kinds of repair work on engines and farm and other machinery. Blacksmith and Wood-working shop in connection. Satisfaction guaranteed.

W. A. BREWSTER,

Stapley &amp; Brewster's old stand, Edmonton.

## HORSES.

Two carloads of Heavy Draught and General Purpose Mares and Geldings will arrive on the 20th inst. For sale at Cartage Co's old stables.

D. SETWART.

## Dowling Milling Co

(LIMITED).

Our Mill, just completed, is equipped with the most approved and up-to-date machinery, consequently our brands of Flour are the best value, and give the utmost satisfaction. A trial of them will convince the purchaser that it is to his interest to buy none other.

..BRANDS..

"BEST PATENT"

"STRONG BAKERS"

"GOLDEN HARVEST"

"WHITE CLOVER"

Bran, Shorts and Feed constantly on hand. Grinding and Chopping done on short notice.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Wheat.

Correspondence as to quotations, etc., will be promptly answered.

EDMONTON, . ALBERTA.

Telephone connection.

## TEACHER WANTED

For Egg Lake Public School District No. 49 First or second class certificate. Duties to commence about March 1st. Year's school. Apply, stating salary, to

NATHANIEL LOGAN, Egg Lake P.O.

## The Morinville Store

We have now opened for business with a complete stock of Groceries. Edmonton prices. Live stock and all farm produce bought. Highest price paid for wheat and oats. Stopping place in connection. Telephone communication with St. Albert and Edmonton.

A. MARTIN &amp; Co.

## Canadian Pacific

..RAILWAY..

Excursion rates to all Winter Resorts.

Pacific Coast, California, Hawaiian Islands, Japan, the Bermudas and the West India Islands.

Quickest and Best Train Service to the East and West.







Vol. XXII

# EDMONTON BULLETIN

(SUNDAY EDITION)

Printed Monday and Friday evenings.

Subscription \$1.00 per Year  
STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

Transient advertisements: Five lines and under, three insertions and under, \$1.00, or ten cents a line for insertion and five cents a line each week or part of week after.

Standing advertisements: \$1.00 an inch per month.  
BULLETIN CO. (LIMITED)

## Special Advertisements.

Situations vacant, Situations wanted, Found, Lost, Notices of Meetings, in solid form, 25 words or under, 50c. for one insertion, and a cent a word for each word over 25.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, MARCH 5th, 1900

## TIMBER REGULATIONS.

Following is a synopsis of the timber regulations as applied to settlers as they stand at present:

The timber regulations provide that a homesteader may obtain a free permit to cut 3,000 lineal feet of building timber no log to be over 12 inches at the butt end, unless the timber is cut from dry trees, in which case timber of any diameter may be taken. He is also allowed free of dues, 400 roof poles, 500 fence posts and 2,000 fence rails.

Settlers who have not received homestead entry are not entitled to a free permit for the above quantity of timber, except they have purchased land from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The department made an arrangement sometime ago with the C. P. R. railway company that free permits would be issued to persons who purchased land from them provided they allowed the department to issue free permits to homesteaders to cut timber on their lands.

Homesteaders and all bona fide settlers may obtain free permits to take and cut dry timber for their own use on their farms for fuel and fencing. If a homesteader requires a larger quantity of timber than he is entitled to under a free permit, it is necessary for him to pay the dues prescribed by the regulations, namely, \$2.00 per 1,000 feet board measure, if the timber is poplar; \$1.50 if the timber is pine, cedar, spruce or tamarac; and \$3.00, if the timber is oak, elm, ash or maple.

## TO PROMOTE FORESTRY.

Editor Bulletin.

Dear Sir—I beg to inform you that at a meeting of several gentlemen interested in Canadian Forestry, held at Ottawa on the 15th of January last, a resolution was passed appointing a committee consisting of Hon. Sir H.G. Joly de Lotbiniere, of Quebec; Wm. Little, Esq., of Montreal; J.R. Booth, Esq., of Ottawa; Dr. Wm. Saunders, Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa; Thos. Scott, Esq., Chief of Ontario Forestry Bureau, Toronto; and E. Stewart, Esq., Chief Inspector of Timber and Forestry, Department of the Interior, Ottawa; to call a meeting of all persons interested, to be held in the city of Ottawa for the purpose of considering the formation of an Association to promote Forestry in Canada. The said committee to prepare for submission to the meeting a constitution and by-laws and also a programme consisting of addresses on appropriate subjects for discussion at the meeting. In pursuance of the above resolution and in behalf of the committee I beg to inform you that such a meeting will be held in the railway committee rooms of the House of Commons, on Thursday, the 8th day of March, 1900, at 10 o'clock a.m. The committee are very desirous that a good representation from all parts of the Dominion should be present. They are of opinion that the time has arrived when the efforts being made by our various governments for the adoption of rational forestry methods should be assisted and guided by intelligent public opinion, and that this can best be done by the formation of such an Association as they have in view. The committee cordially invite you to be present at the meeting and you are also requested to invite any other persons whom you think might be interested in this subject. Yours respectfully,

E. STEWART,

Secretary of Committee  
Ottawa, 6th Feb. 1900.

## ENGLAND'S FINANCES.

It would be difficult to find a harsh epithet which has not been applied to Great Britain by her enemies, but his worst enemy can never accuse John Bull of being in any way related to Shylock. John may have his faults, but the faults of being harsh to his debtors is not one of them.

But Britain's own national debt of something like \$650,000,000 hangs heavily around her neck, but she could pay it off to-morrow if all the debts owing to her by other nations were called in. In one way or another of late years Britain has lent money to nearly every country in the world, and at the present moment it is said there is not much less than two thousand millions sterling owing to Great Britain by various governments. Some of the money is owing as war indemnity, but much of it—probably most of it—is owing in respect of loans. Nations, like individuals, are often in the unhappy state known as impecunious, and in such circumstances they invariably look to the nation they can best trust for help. In this way Great Britain has advanced money from time to time to not far short of a hundred nations or States or cities, and there are now some fifty-six heavy debts still unpaid.

It is a curious fact that Turkey,

probably the last country in the world with which we can be said to be on really friendly terms, is Britain's heaviest debtor. The Sultan's government owes her something like a hundred millions sterling. If the debt were evenly distributed among the Turks, every one of the Sultan's subjects would owe her £3, and if the money were to be paid back at the rate of a sovereign a minute it would take two centuries to pay the bill. Egypt owes Britain £77,000,000 which she is not likely to receive in this generation. Egypt owes altogether over a hundred millions, and her total revenue is rarely over £10,000,000. To clear the debt would mean a tax equal to £11 per head.

Even America, the wealthiest nation on the earth, owes Britain £20,000,000. The sum of just over a dollar from each American would satisfy this claim. Spain's debt is likely to remain unpaid for many years to come, however. It is about thirty-three millions, and works out at £2 per head. Poor bankrupt Italy would probably be unable to pay off the £20,000,000 borrowed from time to time. It would mean a special tax of 17s 6d for every inhabitant, and its collection would probably be the signal for revolution in a country which is already taxed so heavily that the poor can hardly find money for bread.

The Czar is reputed to be a man of enormous wealth, but he would want the assistance of many of his nobles to pay his British debts. Russia owes Britain nearly fifty millions sterling. It is a big sum, such as would appear crushing in many another country, but it is merely a trifle when we consider Russia's immense population. Eight shillings from each of the Czar's subjects would clear off the debt to-morrow.

It cannot be said that Great Britain's generosity is confined to countries from which she can reasonably expect favors in return. Mexico, for instance, owes her some thirteen and a half millions, while the ancient and unimportant town of Cordova, in Southern Spain, owes her a modest half-million. The little African republic of Liberia has a bill to pay of a trifle over a shilling per head of the population, and Roumania is responsible for a shilling a head. Japan—cautious and modest in its borrowing—is satisfied with a debt of £3,000,000, which eighteen pence from every Jap would pay, and Britain is entitled also to half a crown per head from the Transvaal.

Cuba owes Britain six millions or 30 shillings per head; Portugal, £25,000,000, or 40 pence per head; while the Greeks and Swedes owe £2 per head each. The French papers, when they refer to Britain in unpleasant terms, probably forget that France owes Britain £30,000,000 six million pounds less than the debt of Austria-Hungary. Holland has a heavy British debt of £6 per head, and another little country, Norway, is low down in the list with £1 per head. It is strange that the American republics should be so conspicuous on Britain's list of debtors. In addition to those already mentioned, Chili owes her £10,000,000, or £4 per inhabitant; Brazil, £7,000,000, or 10 shillings per head; Peru, £21,000,000, 47 pence per head; Paraguay, £10,000,000, £14 per head; and Venezuela, £3,000,000, or 30 shillings per head. The total debt of these five republics is over fifty millions.

It is in another republic, however, that the figures appear most startling, namely, the Argentine. The government of the Argentine owes Britain an average of nearly £5 per head, but the people of Entre Rios, a town in the Argentine owe her £11 per head; while the capital, Buenos Ayres, is down on the debt side of Britain's balance sheet for a sum equal to £15 per inhabitant—Scottish American.

## CANADA'S DEBT.

The Globe says of "Our Noble Dead": It is from the graves of these martyrs that nations rise to nobler aims and higher achievements. Posterity will enjoy the fruits of this noble self-sacrifice, not alone in the brighter days that will dawn in our African dominions, but in the inspiring example of death and privation, willingly faced, in the cause of duty.

The World says: The present moment is one of sadness throughout the Dominion. We must not let our temporary grief overshadow the glory that will accrue to us for the splendid part this country has played in defense of British liberty.

The Mail: We may well say, after the manner of the woman of Sparta in the days of old, Canada has many sons like those, and place upon them the monumental inscription, "Pro Patria, Pro Imperio, Pro Liberte."

The transport Milwaukee, the fourth steamer to leave Canada for the Cape with the Canadian volunteers for service in South Africa, sailed from the dockyards Halifax on the 21st with the first battalion of Canadian Mounted Rifles and the Kingston artillery, about 600 in all, besides several special service officers. Chaplain W. G. Land, Lt. Moodie and about 30 men of the second battalion of rifles left behind from the Pomeranian, and the New Brunswick artillery, also left behind from the Pomeranian, went by the Milwaukee.

A cable from Cape Town announces that Colonel Sam Hughes has been appointed adjutant general of the British forces at Orange river.

## Save Your Money

AT THE  
SIGN OF THE



The cold season has now arrived. Prudent buyers are now selecting their Heating and Cook Stoves. Call and examine our lines in

Stewart's "Good Cheer"  
McClary's "Famous"  
AND Gurney's "Oxford".

Wood and Coal Cooks, Cast and Steel Ranges and Heaters, all styles and patterns. See our

"Agricultural Furnaces"

With Coal Grate. Something new in this section.



WE HANDLE.

McDougall's CELEBRATED Iron Pumps

And carry the largest stock west of Winnipeg.

You have the benefit of thirty years' experience in the Stove and Hardware trade when you deal with

STOVEL & STRANG,

Phone 66. Corner Main and Queen Streets

For the Best Goods at Lowest Prices

GO DIRECT TO THE

# Manchester House.

(ESTABLISHED 1895)

The Great Bargain Centre of Edmonton

SPECIAL SNAP IN THE FOLLOWING LINES:

Serges in all Popular Shades, 25c. per yard.  
Black Figured Goods (Special) 30c. per yard.  
Good Gingham, 7c. per yard.  
Flannelottes, 20 yards for \$1.00.  
Flannelette Blankets (11½) \$1.00 per pair.  
Large Range of Corsets, 50c. and upwards.  
Handkerchiefs (Plain and Fancy) 2 for 5c., 5c., and 3 for 10c., etc.  
Ladies' Silk Gloves, all shades, 32 in. Special. 75c.

Agent for the Delineator Co. A full supply of Butterick's Patterns kept on hand.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

## Edmonton Real Estate Exchange.

Farms and Town Lots bought and sold.

MONEY TO LOAN

On easy terms by the North of Scotland Canadian Mortgage Co., Ltd.

Fire, Life, Accident and Guarantee Insurance  
Deggendorfer & Harrison,  
Civil Engineers & Architects  
Plans, Specifications, Reports, Estimates, Valuations on all kinds of structural work, Water Supply, Sewerage, Drainage, Economic Location of Railways, Mines and Land Surveys.  
Corner First and Main Streets, Edmonton.  
P. O. Box 234.  
F. DEGGENDORFER. A. G. HARRISON.

Any Business placed in our hands will receive prompt and careful attention. Correspondence solicited. On hand Maps and Plans of the Town and District.

Edmonton Bulletin, Semi-weekly \$1

# What's the Use of Advertising?

# Why do you Spend Money in it?

You advertise to attract business.

You attract business by attracting attention to your business. By getting your business before the public, so that those who want what you have got will come to you for it.

Any means of getting your business before the public is advertising. The question is what is the cheapest and most effective means.

Probably the most striking example of the results of judicious advertising is the success of the departmental stores. This success could not be achieved except by advertising; and it could not be achieved except by newspaper advertising. By no other means could the attractions of these stores be brought before such a wide and distant circle of customers as by newspaper advertising.

The value of a newspaper as a means of advertising depends upon its circulation coupled with its standing with the community. A newspaper without standing, which does not itself attract attention and inspire confidence, is little or no better than a poster or circular which is thrown aside as soon as its nature is discovered. While a newspaper which does arouse the interest and inspire the confidence of the public is read and re-read, and passed from hand to hand for weeks after it reaches the subscriber.

The BULLETIN is read more widely throughout the Edmonton district than any other newspaper. An advertisement in the columns of the BULLETIN is the best value that can be got for the money in reaching the people of the district.

The value of an advertisement is not in the space which it occupies so much as in the circulation which it receives. Ten inches of space in a paper of 500 circulation is not nearly as good value to the advertiser as five inches of space in a paper having 1000 circulation.

Advertising space \$1.00 an inch per month  
Change as often as you please.







## POPULAR LAKE

M. A. Davidson has rented his farm and has moved into Edmonton.

The building committee of the Popular lake and Belmont Presbyterian church have decided to build a church at once. It will be frame.

W. Keen, of Belrose district, has bought a quarter section joining his present farm, from T. G. Hutchings. T. G. Hutchings is offering his farms Turnip lake and Poplar lake districts for sale.

A football team has been organized here. Mr. Herbert Mitchell is captain and W. Keen secretary. No doubt this team will be heard from often when the season opens.

Mar. 3, 1900.

## BELROSE.

On Tuesday evening last at the mission, St. Albert, the marriage of Thos. Kilgus, contractor and farmer, of St. Albert, and Anna Belrose, daughter of Octave Belrose, of Belrose, was celebrated. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Merer. Mr. Kennedy was groomsmen and Miss Ellen Belrose, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. After the ceremony the young couple drove to the residence of the bride's parents, near St. Albert, where a number of friends had gathered, and the evening was passed in dancing and other amusements.

Mrs. Williams, wife of Edward Williams, of Glenary, died on Friday, the 25th. The funeral, largely attended, took place to St. Albert on the following Monday.

A dance was given on Monday night last in R. A. McDonald's new store, Glenary. The building had been fitted for the occasion, and the floor well waxed. Music was furnished by E. McMillan, piano, and R. R. McDonald and S. Fraser violin. An exceedingly pleasant time was passed.

A great deal of grain is being held over by the farmers here, waiting for better prices.

The trustees of Belrose school district have let the contract for a new school house. J. H. McDonald, of Camilla, has been awarded the contract for the sum of \$550.

## ANCIENT HISTORY.

Through the kindness of Mr. Wilcox, an enthusiastic collector of curios, we have had the privilege of reading a copy of the Montreal Witness of December 10th, 1856. Among other items of interest is a market report which shows at that time, wheat in Toronto was worth about \$1.10 a bushel; oats, 75c. Potatoes were \$1.10 a bushel and were retailed by farmers at \$1.25. A report from Toronto mentions a meeting held there to hear statements on the subject of the "Hudson's Bay Territory," (by which name Assiniboia, Saskatchewan, and Alberta were then known), and to decide on some course of action with reference to opening up the country to the enterprise of Canada. A Capt. Kennedy, who had spent twenty-five years in the country, told of its richness and possibilities, and his statement that "the country in its various portions offers abundant scope for every kind of enterprise; the agriculturist, the fur trader, the fisherman, the merchant—all would find their place" has since been more than verified.

## DOMINION ESTIMATES.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—The estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, were presented to parliament this evening by Mr. Fielding, minister of finance. The amount asked for on account of the consolidated fund is \$12,872,989, as compared with \$11,528,292, being the main estimates for the current year, or \$3,334,140, including supplementary estimates. The main estimate, therefore, for the coming fiscal year is \$366,150 less than the latter.

The amount of the principal increases in the different branches of the service are: \$142,000 for Northwest government; \$147,000 for railways and canals; \$18,235 for customs; \$83,000 for lighthouse and coast service; \$3,916 for steamship subventions and \$50,000 for post office.

The decreases are: Public works, \$1,219,613; militia, \$51,338; miscellaneous, \$99,123 ocean and river service, \$38,000, and Yukon Territory, \$21,870.

The amount for capital account required is placed at \$3,195,402, a decrease of \$1,632,332 over the amount for the current year, so that there is \$2,048,000 less required between ordinary and capital expenditures than for the current year, but it is more than likely that the supplementary estimates to be asked for yet will cover this amount.

There is an item of \$150,000 for the taking of the census, and an additional \$50,000 for the Paris exposition. In immigration there is an increase of \$34,500, making a total of \$305,000. In the militia it is chargeable to income there is an increase of \$28,198 for pay allowances, \$30,000 for salaries, \$75,000 for warlike and other necessities, \$16,000 for general service medals. For the annual drill of the militia the estimate is increased from \$300,000 to \$425,000.

Northwest items in the estimates are: Court house, lock-up and police accommodations, \$1,000; Dominion public buildings, \$1,400; Medicine Hat court house, \$13,000; Regina land titles office, lieutenant-governor's residence, improvement, greenhouse and sidewalk, \$7,000. There is also \$5,000 for harbor and river improvements. In connection with the grant for schools for the territories there is an increase of \$50,000, and \$92,000 to enable the government to restore public works recently destroyed by floods.

## LACOMBE.

Lacombe is to have another paper. Mr. J. D. Skinner, late of the Advertiser, Edmonton, after a visit to our town thinks it would be a wise speculation. The citizens have promised him a liberal share of advertising.

Mr. and Mrs. Towse, Sen., Mr. and Mrs. Towse, Jun., and family also two young men, brothers, and a sister of Mr. Towse, Jun., arrived with a carload of settlers effects to locate their former home in Dakota. They have taken two cottages in town and intend taking up land in the country.

F. Forman has sold his house in town to F. Bagley. He has also rented his ranch for the summer and will with his family make a trip to their former home in Ontario.

H. Bowland was called east on the 13th on account of the death of a brother.

Dr. Sweetapple, veterinary surgeon, and Major Griesbach were here on the high springing out horses, but failed to secure the required number so did not take any.

One of our new settlers who arrived last September came from Johannesburg, Transvaal. He said he knew that war was a certainty and thought it best to get his family away before the final outbreak. When the good news was received of the success of the English in Africa our loyal citizens immediately put up their flags in commemoration of the happy event.

Mrs. Earle and family, of Edmonton, spent a few days with W. Puffer last week.

A new settler arrived last week bringing a new steam thrasher.

W. Brett and F. Vickerson are auditing the books of the co-operative society preparatory to the annual meeting in March.

Mrs. Towse, Jun., gave birth to a young son on the 26th of this month.

Feb. 29th, 1900.

## NORTHWARD BOUND.

See in Biche, Feb. 22, '00.

Editor Bulletin.

Your readers may be interested in knowing something of the "terrors" of the trail between this place and your city. When we were in Edmonton we were more than once informed that the trail was awful, and we might look for snow drifts that would take some time to get through, several men saying that they would not send their teams on any consideration, and one confidently informed our leader that the round trip would take at least three weeks. We left town at 2 p. m. last Friday and at 8:30 last night (Wednesday) were safely housed in the Hudson's Bay Co. house here; on Sunday we only travelled about two hours, in order to make decent stopping places; you will see from this that we were less than five days on the way (i. e. travelling). The trail was in no places bad, and on the greater part of the way could not have been better.

If your teamsters and livery men want to know what bad trails are they had better go down into certain parts of Ontario or Quebec, or better still, on to the shores of Hudson's Bay where there are no trails.

Thinking you may be interested in this and that it may be of use to some of your readers.

I remain dear sir,

Yours truly,

J. LOFTHOUSE.

## HOTEL ARRIVALS

Queen's—Jas. Ross, town; J. Beupre, Fort Saskatchewan; L. J. Lavoie, Winnipeg; D. Demers, L. Champagne, —, Riser, Morinville; C. O. Holstrand, New Stockholm; A. Linde, Wetaskiwin; E. C. Brookner, Van Meter, Iowa; P. R. Jenkins, Desoto, Iowa; N. L. Good, Avon, Iowa.

Wm. Stitt, Winnipeg; W. F. Langworthy and wife, Fort Saskatchewan; S. J. Emmanuel, D. D. Stewart, A. S. Thompson, Winnipeg; G. S. Jacquin, Toronto; G. R. Green, Victoria; G. F. Perret.

Jasper—R. A. J. McDonald, Glenary; Chas. Nelson, Sturgeon.

Winnipeg Tribune: The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has increased its half yearly dividends from 2 to 3 per cent, says the Farmers' Sun, and we are asked to rejoice at this evidence of national prosperity. We should be glad to swell the volume of rejoicing that arises from the stockholders if the dividends of the C. P. R. were the fruits of its legitimate earnings and evidence of the growth of commerce and industry. But we are not prepared to rejoice over dividends which are declared out of money taken from the public treasury and from excessive rates taken from the people. Would it be an evidence of national prosperity if a farmer declared large profits for the year out of taxes which he had levied on his neighbors?

The  
Merchants  
Bank of  
Canada.

CAPITAL PAID UP  
\$6,000,000.  
RESERVE FUND  
\$2,600,000.  
Head Office, Montreal.  
Edmonton Branch  
transacts a  
general Banking  
business.  
J. S. WILLIOTT,  
Manager.

## WAR NOTES.

At Railway Hill, the Inniskilling Fusiliers operating under Butler before the relief of Lady Smith were caught in a Boer trap and slaughtered. The Mail's correspondent, under date of Pieters, Feb. 24, describes the engagement: "Last night the Inniskilling Fusiliers mixed with some of the Dublin Fusiliers and Connaught Rangers, attempted to carry Railway Hill from Pieters. They were under continuous fire, through which they passed up a heavy broken ground to the first Boer trench. Half way up the hill the Boers retreated to the crest, and then came back on either flank of the Irish troops enfilading the trench with a savage cross, as well as a direct fire. All night and until nine o'clock in the morning our men held the position, under a ceaseless fire, and at terrible cost. At 10 o'clock only five officers and 100 men answered to the names.

Two hundred of the rank and file were killed or wounded.

A member of the first contingent writing home from Belmont says: When we arrived at Cape Town, it was everywhere "Good Old Canada." The people here have a grand idea of us. They think we are all cowboys or Indian agents, and that we are crack shots. They want us to get in one battle to show the Boers a thing or two. The Boers think the same. They say they could beat the British if the Canadians would not interfere. They are offering £40 in gold for special service regiments to anyone who enlists with them, and also £30 for one of our heads, dead or alive. That is our lot, but we shall soon let them see how we do our work.

Buller wires the war office from Ladysmith, I find the defeat of the Boers more complete than I had dared to anticipate. This whole district is completely clear of them and except at the top of Van Renssen's pass, where several wagons are visible, I can find no trace of them. Their last train left Modder Spruit station about one o'clock yesterday and they then blew up the bridge. They packed their wagons six days ago, moving them to the north of Ladysmith, so that we had no chance of intercepting them; but they have left vast quantities of ammunition of all sorts, herds, grass teams and individuals necessities. They have got away with all their guns except two.

A despatch from London, on the 28th says Lord Roberts is at Osofenstein, six or eight miles east of Paarlberg, and faces a reinforced Boer army of from five to six thousand strong! This may be merely a corps of observation ready to retire on proposed positions. Doubtless it is receiving additions from the late besiegers of Ladysmith and from other points. Whatever the force may be Roberts has ample troops to cope with it.

## GENERAL NEWS.

The celebration of the relief of Ladysmith, in Montreal, resulted in a serious row between the students of McGill and Laval universities. It arose over the Laval men not having a flag up in honor of the event, and ending in the Frenchman and their sympathizers tearing down the Union Jack from in front of a newspaper office and tramping upon it. Saturday and Sunday night were passed quietly, though further trouble was anticipated.

Important reports in regard to the operations of the British army in South Africa, have been received by the war department at Washington from Capt. S. L. Slocum, eighth cavalry military attaché with the British forces. The criticisms which Capt. Slocum makes of the tactics and personnel of the British have caused the department to determine that it would be improper to make them public, and they have been filed away in the military conference, division, for use by the conference in their studies at several military schools. It is known Slocum especially condemns the failure of the British to make a proper reconnaissance before attacking.

The feeling of enthusiasm and general rejoicing over the surrender of Cronje was imparted to parliament; although once again news of the victory was somewhat saddened by later reports which showed that eight Canadians were killed and thirty wounded in an attack on the Boer trenches! This information was given to the house by the premier and was received with a hush. For a moment a death-like stillness prevailed in the chamber, but when Sir Wilfrid went on and read from the despatches that the Canadians had led the attack supported by the Gordon Highlanders which made a successful surrender, there was an outburst of hearty applause from liberals and conservatives alike that one seldom sees in parliament.

The half year's dividends, which is at the rate of 6 per cent, per annum, will be paid on the common stock of the company, which amounts to \$65,000,000. Yet of this \$65,000,000 stock only \$8,500,000 at the outside, went into the construction of the road. The rest of it went to the promoters and shareholders and built up many large fortunes. The dividend that has just been paid is equal to a dividend of over 76 per cent of the money that was actually employed in the building of the road. A prosperity that requires a dividend of 76 per cent from the farmers of the West to sustain it comes too high. A little less talk of the prosperity of the C. P. R. and a little more attention to the farmer who is taxed to create it would just now seem in order.

## IN BESIEGED MAFeking.

The London Daily Mail has the following from Mafeking, January 20th, by runner to Gaberones, Feb. 2nd: Mafeking is the last of the besieged towns to be relieved. At last word the Boers were still around it, but any day now will bring the glad news of its relief. It is only a matter of days.

"Saturday was the hundredth day of the siege. The Boers have fired 800 rounds from their ninety-four pounder into the town, I long ago lost count of the rounds from the other guns. Some fifty tons of metal have been shot at us, but we still pursue the even tenor of our way.

"Plenty of shelters have been built everywhere for everybody. The staff paymaster and telephone office are underground. Folks proceed to business as usual. The outlook tells when the Boer guns are loaded, bells are rung all over the town, people dive into the nearest dugout. The gun booms and the people come out and ask casually where that shell has gone to and resume their business till the bells ring again.

"Trenches are made to walk in in those parts which are most exposed to the enemy's Mauter fire. The Boers try to dodge us in firing their guns and resort to all kinds of tricks. Their latest is to load and elevate a gun, causing us to ring our bells and disappear under cover. We wait, but no report comes. One by one we come out wondering what is the matter. Turning a telescope on the gun we see dozens of Boers jumping up and down dancing like elephants with lumbago, and playing leap frog.

"Suddenly the gunner lifts his hands, the Boers vanish and the gunner fires, hoping to catch us off our guard. He has never succeeded yet.

"I said that rations had been reduced. They have been increased again to a pound and a quarter per man per diem, with vegetables twice a week. Everybody is fat for want of exercise.

"The one hundredth day of the siege was celebrated by a dinner at Dixon's Hotel to the commandant by Lieutenant-Colonel Vryvan.

"On Sunday we held a Grand Agricultural and Produce Show, which was highly successful. Cattle, poultry, vegetables, fruit and flowers were exhibited and prizes offered for the finest animals born since the beginning of the siege. A diploma of honor was offered, also for the best baby born during the siege. There were six competitors and two awards—results, four lifelong enemies for the judges.

"Just before I despatched my last letter a 100-pound shell passed through the office of the local paper, entering by the window and departing through the opposite wall. It did not stop long, but made considerable dust. Little damage was done. It was probably the act of a gunner infuriated by some statement about the Boers made in the Mafeking Mail. The shell tore hundreds of copies into minute fragments and scattered them broadcast. It even threw a lot to the rafters.

"The editor, who was previously sceptical as to the utility of a press censor, now appreciates that institution because he owes his life to having gone to interview this official. The Mail is now being produced underground on thin brown wrapping paper, there being no white left.

"Very few casualties result from the sniping. They have killed a few poor women and children, but no men. They did wound a railway employee named Neilson, a bullet entering at one temple and passing out at the other, but he found a game of cricket ten days after and only complained of headaches.

"On Wednesday a huddled mob of halfstarved black humanity, all female, except a few tiny black picninnies, and, all naked and roped together, were driven by the Boers to seek admission into the town. Commandant Snyman saying the natives belonged to the British. This is an old Boer trick to reduce our food supply.

"Baden-Powell sent an officer and orderly with white flags to meet their white flag and were told that the colored declined to admit them. After the exchange of messages the flags of truce separated. Directly the flags were out of the way the Boers fired terrific volleys at our two men.

"The colonel sent a remonstrance and Snyman made the usual stereotyped apology. His farcical regrets came next day. The difficulty of preventing our men from rushing to the nearest Boer trenches is increasing daily. When our men do get a chance to fight with the enemy I am afraid they will prove very vindictive and hard to restrain. If fearful reprisals are taken on the Boers one day they have only themselves to blame.

"For instance that poor little boy we buried last Wednesday was playing with others in the road's margin, right away from the town. It was visible for miles, owing to the red crosses flying over it. Cronje and Snyman both promised to respect the house, but now they are riddled with bullets. A woman who was standing nursing her baby was shot dead, with a bullet through the breast, while in the middle of 400 women and children.

"Then an explosive 90-pounder was fired into the laager. A piece fixed itself in this boy's spine. The explosive used causes blood poisoning like gangrene. It is impossible to save the victims; they lie in hospitals suffering agony day and night. This poor little nine-year old had said the night before he died:

"Mother, if I hope it will not be

## McDougall &amp; Secord.

## CORSETS

Over Fifty  
different Styles  
to Choose from.

All direct from the best manufacturers and made of the Choicest Jeans.

Some very neat things in black, all glove-fitting, made by the D. & A. Corset Co., at 75c, \$1.25 and \$1.90.

The MAGNETIC one of Crompton's best make is a beautiful black Corset with lace top, yellow stitched—only \$1.35.

Grey Corsets at 50c, 60c, 75c, 80c and 85c—all made to wear and fit.

Our D. & A. Corset in grey and flesh at \$1.00 is splendid value.

If you want perfect comfort, buy the CREST CORSET with elastic sides—\$1.35.

The Model Bust with shoulder straps is the correct thing for any lady with weak back—only \$1.25.

A pair of the GLORIA Corset Waists is solid comfort for the house. All sizes for \$1.25.

The short French Corset is quite a favorite among the ladies. We have them in grey, white, pink, blue and black at \$1.25 per pair.

Children's Corset Waists in all sizes at 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c and \$1.25.

## McDougall &amp; Secord.

long before I am dead; they say I shall not feel the pain then. Please put me in a very deep grave, so the cruel Boers cannot hurt my back again."

"Does the world wonder that the cemetery was crowded with men with eyes full of tears and hearts full of vengeance."

## SUPREME COURT.

A number of small debt cases which were set down for hearing were disposed of out of court.

Vogel vs. Dourgoz, et al, was up Friday. Action on a promissory note for \$65, the price of a team of horses. Judgment for plaintiff for full amount of note and costs. J. R. Boyle for plaintiff, C. deW. MacDonald for defendants.

McCartney vs. Hamilton. Judgment for plaintiff for \$51.40 and costs. P. L. MacDonald for plaintiff, C. deW. MacDonald for defendant.

The case of Bakken vs. Brager, mentioned in last issue, should have been judgment for plaintiff for \$30 and costs. C. deW. MacDonald for plaintiff, Bown & Robertson for defendants.

The case of McCartney vs. Hamilton disposed of the civil docket and the first of the criminal cases, Regina vs. Wainwright, came up for hearing this morning. This is an action for assault and creating a disturbance. The following jury has been empaneled and the case is still in progress: E. W. Armstrong, Geo. Bellamy, T. G. Landor, T. J. Armstrong, J. R. Turnbull and H. Wilson. So far only two witnesses have been examined. Walter E. Moore and Robt. E. Jones. C. deW. MacDonald is conducting the prosecution and Nelson D. Mills, of Strathcona, the defence.

CELEBRATION AT FORT SASKATCHEWAN. The relief of Ladysmith was celebrated in the barracks here on Friday night last in a thoroughly loyal manner. Between 30 and 40 people were present. Major Griesbach was chairman and master of ceremonies. Songs, speeches and all other features of entertainment were indulged in by those present. A speech was given by R. Ochsner, and a highland fling contributed by H. Wilson, Strathcona. L. Adamson gave selections on the bagpipes, and Const. Clarke rendered several splendid selections on the cornet, also singing several comic songs. A thoroughly enjoyable evening was spent.

The Morinville Store. We have now opened for business with a complete stock of Groceries. Edmonton prices. Live stock and all farm produce bought. Highest price paid for wheat and oats. Stopping place in connection. Telephone communication with St. Albert and Edmonton.

A. MARTIN &amp; Co.

## MARRIAGES.

Phillips—Dewey—Married at the residence of Robt. Easton, Esq., Beaver Hills, by the Rev. T. C. Buchanan, assisted by the Rev. Fred Langford, Mr. Robt. L. Phillips, of Agriola, to Miss Bertha A. Dewey, of Beaver Hills, Alberta.

Langworthy—Graham—On Feb. 27th, at the residence of Mr. James E. Graham, by the Rev. G. d'Easum, Mr. William Ford Langworthy, of Fort Saskatchewan, eldest son of the late James William Langworthy, of London, England, barrister-at-law, to Miss Margaret Albee Graham, eldest daughter of Mr. James E. Graham, of Fort Saskatchewan.

## UNRESERVED

## AUCTION SALE!

Having received instructions from F. G. Ryan, who has rented his farm, I will offer for sale at his premises,

Sec. 34, T. 52, R. 22, Agriola,

at one o'clock, p. m. sharp, on

Friday, March 9th, 1900

the following live stock and implements:  
Ten head of cattle. 1 Grade Cow in calf. 2 Spring Calves. 1 Bull Wagon. 1 Top Buggy. 1 Pair Bobsleighs. 3 Sets Team Harness. 1 Set Light Double Harness. 1 Set Single Harness. 1 Cocksfoot Plow. 1 Set 4 section Iron Harrow. 1 Heavy Harris Blade. 1 Set Platform Scales. 1200 pounds. 1 Stock Saddle. 1 Buggy complete. 40 Grain Sacks. 3 Broad Saws—improved. 13 Flgs, 6 x 6 months' old. 1 Juniper, and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS—All sums \$10.00 and under, Cash. Over that amount nine months' credit for purchaser approved (joint and lien note's bearing seven per cent interest. A cash discount of five per cent will be allowed on all purchases over \$10.00 paid in full at cash.

W. E. ROBERTSON, Auctioneer.

Lunch will be served on the grounds.

## \$1000 Reward.

The above reward will be given to anyone who will restore Miss Maud Lillian Waldbrooke to her friends, or

\$500.00 Reward

Will be given to any person or persons who will give satisfactory proof of her death.

Miss Maud Lillian Waldbrooke left the Red River Indian Industrial School on Sunday evening, Aug. 27th, 1890. She was about five feet four inches high, weighed about 135 pounds, dark complexion, age about 23 years but looked much older, had only been in the industrial school ten days, and was not known in the neighborhood. When last seen had on a black dress; it is supposed to have left the school wearing a white straw hat and a pair of bicycle boots.

Information to be sent to the undersigned.

C. E. SOMERSET,  
Principal Industrial School, Red Deer,  
Alberta.

March 1st, 1900.